Registered Address of the trustee is Host-Plus Pty. Limited Level 9 114 William Street MELBOURNE VIC 3000

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HOSTPLUS SUPERANNUATION FUND STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Prepayments Investments	9	\$ 40,426,916 25,555,032 530,359 151,275,520	\$ 61,515,798 43,216,186 254,126
Receivables Prepayments Investments	9	25,555,032 530,359	43,216,186
Prepayments Investments		530,359	
Investments			254,126
		151,275,520	
		151,275,520	
Cash and cash equivalents held for investing activities		/	154,995,287
Fixed interest securities		22,215,463	36,281,133
Equities		428,342,012	279,994,935
Pooled superannuation trust and managed funds		61,965,611,410	48,796,179,411
Property, plant and equipment		6,549,373	6,102,935
Deferred tax assets	6 (d)	-	2,480,153
Total assets		62,640,506,085	49,381,019,964
Liabilities			
Employee entitlements		6,207,781	6,049,487
Payables		35,367,515	30,543,709
•	6 (e)	598,875,302	540,693,365
	6 (d)	8,503,338	,
Total liabilities excluding member benefits		648,953,936	577,286,561
Net assets available for member benefits		61,991,552,149	48,803,733,403
Member benefits			
Allocated to members		(61,181,835,573)	(48,442,730,046)
Unallocated to members		(3,822,759)	(5,628,350)
Total member liabilities	3	(61,185,658,332)	(48,448,358,396)
Net assets		805,893,817	355,375,007
Equity			
Residual reserve		381,186,515	(2,938,302)
Administration reserve		217,473,021	182,974,834
Operational Risk Financial Requirement reserve		154,171,850	110,501,371
Insurance reserve		53,062,431	64,837,104
Total equity		805,893,817	355,375,007

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

HOSTPLUS SUPERANNUATION FUND INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Notes	2021	2020
Revenue from superannuation activities		\$	\$
Interest		1,887,658	2,670,671
Dividends and distributions		13,639,091	10,962,486
Changes in assets measured at fair value	4	10,379,396,550	(869,270,688)
Other income		1,040,484	1,050,622
Total revenue		10,395,963,783	(854,586,909)
Expenses from superannuation activities			
Investment expenses		7,417,263	7,096,253
Administration expenses	7	123,137,494	120,824,836
Total expenses		130,554,757	127,921,089
Profit/(loss) from operating activities before income tax		10,265,409,026	(982,507,998)
Income tax (expense)/benefit	6 (a)	38,152,306	54,669,138
Profit/(loss) from operating activities after income tax		10,303,561,332	(927,838,860)
Less: Net benefits allocated to members' accounts		(9,841,439,293)	932,925,199
Profit/(loss) after income tax		462,122,039	5,086,339

HOSTPLUS SUPERANNUATION FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER BENEFITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Notes	2021 \$	2020 \$
Opening balance of member benefits		48,448,358,396	44,695,568,296
Contributions received from:			
Employers'		4,147,136,429	3,818,703,210
Members'		736,256,900	583,967,610
Government		65,291,498	66,314,262
Transfer from other superannuation plans		2,469,509,626	4,969,429,986
Income tax on contributions	6 (c)	(656,651,859)	(598,928,830)
Net after tax contributions		6,761,542,594	8,839,486,238
Other transactions applied to / (deducted from) m	embers' accounts		
Net investment income		9,926,113,652	(858,266,462)
Administration and other fees		(84,674,359)	(74,658,737)
Insurance proceeds		181,243,500	156,049,229
Benefits paid		(3,820,323,565)	(4,081,123,520)
Insurance premiums		(226,601,886)	(228,696,648)
Closing balance of member benefits	3	61,185,658,332	48,448,358,396

The above Statement of Changes in Member Benefits should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

HOSTPLUS SUPERANNUATION FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Residual reserve	Administration reserve	Operational Risk Financial Requirement reserve	Insurance reserve	Total equity
2021	\$_	\$	\$_	\$_	\$
Opening balance	(2,938,302)	182,974,834	110,501,371	64,837,104	355,375,007
Net transfers to/(from) reserves	-	(17,800,000)	18,344,710	(12,147,939)	(11,603,229)
Net allocations to/(from) Members Benefits	(9,928,968,959)	87,529,666	-	-	(9,841,439,293)
Net allocations to/(from) Income Statement	10,313,093,776	(35,231,479)	25,325,769	373,266	10,303,561,332
Closing balance	381,186,515	217,473,021	154,171,850	53,062,431	805,893,817

	Residual reserve	Administration reserve	Operational Risk Financial Requirement reserve	Insurance reserve	Total equity
2020 -	\$	\$_	\$	\$	\$
Opening balance	(1,469,275)	173,399,116	112,590,078	43,297,586	327,817,505
Net transfers to/(from) reserves	-	-	1,488,579	20,982,584	22,471,163
Net allocations to/(from) Members Benefits	853,140,801	79,784,398	-	-	932,925,199
Net allocations to/(from) Income Statement	(854,609,828)	(70,208,680)	(3,577,286)	556,934	(927,838,860)
Closing balance	(2,938,302)	182,974,834	110,501,371	64,837,104	355,375,007

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

HOSTPLUS SUPERANNUATION FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Notes	2021	2020
- · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>	\$
Cash flows from operating activities		a . == a	
Interest received		61,756	344,611
Insurance proceeds		181,243,500	156,049,229
Other income		1,035,853	1,049,335
Administration expenses		(100,878,278)	(133,469,355)
Insurance premiums		(235,095,192)	(238,199,997)
Investment expenses		(770,347)	(662,960)
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from operating activities	9	(154,402,708)	(214,889,137)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of investments		(3,989,900,000)	(5,488,400,000)
Proceeds from sale of investment		1,286,834,122	1,390,355,490
Sale/(Purchase) of fixed assets		(2,481,207)	(1,699,660)
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from investing activities		(2,705,547,085)	(4,099,744,170)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Contributions received from:			
Employers'		4,147,136,429	3,818,703,210
Members'		736,256,900	583,967,610
Government		65,291,498	66,314,262
Transfers from other superannuation plans		2,259,833,774	4,376,368,093
Benefits paid to members		(3,820,323,565)	(4,081,123,520)
Income tax paid on contributions		(549,334,125)	(436,903,903)
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from financing activities		2,838,860,911	4,327,325,752
Net increase/(decrease) in cash		(21,088,882)	12,692,445
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial period		61,515,798	48,823,353
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial period	9	40,426,916	61,515,798

NOTE 1. OPERATION OF THE FUND

Hostplus Superannuation Fund ('the Fund') (ABN: 68 657 495 890) is an APRA regulated (Licence no. R1000054), defined contribution fund established by a Trust Deed on 1 October 1987 and is domiciled in Australia. The Fund provides retirement benefits to its members and is divided into three divisions (Industry, Personal and Pension). The Fund accepts contributions from employers and members in accordance with its Trust Deed. Members may also transfer money from other superannuation funds. Hostplus is the industry superannuation fund for the hospitality, tourism, recreation, and sport industries.

The Trustee of the Fund is Host-Plus Pty. Limited (ABN: 79 008 634 704) and it is the holder of a public offer class of Registrable Superannuation Entity Licence (Licence no. L0000093). The registered office of the Trustee is Level 9, 114 William Street, Melbourne, Victoria.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements are a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Corporations Act 2001, the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 and regulations and the provisions of the Trust Deed. The general purpose financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The Fund is a not-for-profit entity which operates for the benefit of members.

The financial statements are presented in Australian Dollars which is the functional currency of the Fund.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the trustee, Host-Plus Pty. Limited on 17 September 2021. The Directors of the Trustee have the power to amend and reissue this financial report.

(b) New Accounting standards and interpretations

(i) New accounting standards and interpretations that are applicable for mandatory adoption in the current year

There are no other standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2020 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in the prior periods or will affect the current or future periods.

(ii) New accounting standards that are applicable for early adoption in the current year, but not yet effective

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2021 have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

(c) Financial assets and liabilities

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities into the following categories:

Financial instruments classified at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition in accordance with AASB 1056. These financial assets are classified on the basis that they are part of a group of financial assets, which are managed and have their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the financial risk management and investment strategies of the Fund. Refer to note 10 for further details.

Receivables

Receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an 'active market'. The Fund includes in this category short term receivables and are recognised initially at fair value.

Other financial liabilities

This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those classified at fair value through profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are measured at their nominal amounts. Amounts are generally settled within 30 days of being recognised as other financial liabilities. Given the short-term nature of other financial liabilities, the nominal amount approximates fair value.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Financial assets and liabilities (continued)

(ii) Recognition

The purchase or sale of a financial asset that requires delivery of the asset within a time frame that is generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace is recognised on the trade date, being the date that the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset and recognises changes in the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

The Fund recognises all other financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial asset (or part of) is derecognised where:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and
- Either (a) the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

The Fund derecognises a financial liability when the obligation under contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(iv) Initial measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in the Statement of Financial Position at fair value. Where the fair value at initial recognition does not equal the transaction price, the Fund recognises the difference in the Income Statement, unless specified otherwise. All transaction costs for such instruments are recognised directly in the Income Statement.

Financial assets and financial liabilities not classified at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value, plus any directly attributable incremental costs of acquisition or issue.

(v) Subsequent measurement

After initial measurement, the Fund measures financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. This means subsequent changes in fair value are recorded as 'changes in assets measured at fair value' through the Income Statement.

(d) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Fund.

In the absence of quoted market prices, the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. This can include using valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. Where possible, the Fund will seek to maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities that are measured and disclosed at fair value in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy. Refer to Note 10(e) for further details.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Cashflows includes cash held with banking institutions and is subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Cash and cash equivalents held for investing activities in the Statement of Financial Position is reported separately with further details relating to market risk, credit risk and fair value hierarchy contained in Note 10.

(f) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Plant and equipment (P&E) is measured initially at cost and subsequently revalued at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. If significant parts of an item have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items.

The cost of leasehold improvements is capitalised as an asset and depreciated over the assets' useful life.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item is recognised in the Income Statement.

(ii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated as the cost of the item less its estimated residual value, multiplied by their annual depreciation rate.

The estimated useful lives of P&E are as follows:

Asset	Useful Life	Depreciation Rate	Depreciation Method
Office Equipment	10 years	20%	Diminishing value
Furniture & Fittings	5 years	40%	Diminishing value
Computer Hardware	3-4 years	67-50%	Diminishing value
Intangibles	5 years	20%	Prime cost

(g) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is received. Unless stated below, revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duty. The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Changes in fair value

Changes in the fair value of financial assets and liabilities is calculated as the difference between the fair value at sale, or at balance date and the fair value at the previous valuation point. All changes are recognised in the Income Statement.

Interest

Interest revenue earned on cash and other financial assets carried at fair value is recorded according to the terms of the contract and is recognised in the Income Statement.

Dividends and distributions

Dividend and distribution revenue is recognised when the Fund's right to receive payment is established. Revenue is presented gross of any non-recoverable withholding taxes, which are disclosed separately as tax expense in the Income Statement.

Group Life Insurance Proceeds

Insurance claim proceeds received on behalf of beneficiaries are bought to account when received from the Fund's insurer.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Income tax

The Fund is a complying superannuation fund for the purposes of the provisions of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997. Accordingly, the concessional tax rate of 15% has been applied to the Fund's taxable income.

Section 295-260 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 enables a complying superannuation fund, which has an investment in a pooled superannuation trust to transfer the liability for tax on assessable contributions to the pooled superannuation trust provided certain conditions are met. The Fund intends to enter an agreement to transfer a portion of its assessable contributions earned during the year ended 30 June 2021 to the Hostplus Pooled Superannuation Trust.

Income tax in the Income Statement for the year comprises current and deferred tax.

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or tax loss for the period. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or recoverable).

Deferred tax is accounted for using the comprehensive balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Fund expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

(i) Insurance arrangements

The Fund provides death, disability and salary continuance benefits to its members. The Trustee facilitates the provision of these benefits via a group life policy with MetLife Insurance Limited. The Trustee acts as an agent for these arrangements.

(j) Goods and services tax (GST)

Where applicable, GST incurred by the Fund that is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office, has been recognised as part of the asset, revenue or expense to which it applies.

Receivables and payables disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position are stated as GST inclusive.

(k) Member liabilities

Member liabilities is the Fund's present obligation to pay benefits to members and beneficiaries and has been measured as the amount of member account balances as at reporting date.

(I) Reserves

The Trustee maintains the following reserves for the purposes described below:

Residual reserve - is separately maintained to manage the receipt of investment income, the payment of investment related expenses and tax and the allocation of investment earnings to members via the process of declaring unit prices.

Administration reserve - is separately maintained to manage the receipt of administration levies and the payment of Fund administration expenses.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Reserves (continued)

Operational Risk Financial Requirement ('ORFR') reserve - is separately maintained to ensure the Fund has access to adequate financial resources in the event of losses arising from an operational risk event. The Fund has an approved ORFR reserve policy detailing what constitutes an operational risk event and how the ORFR reserve is accessed (if an operational risk event occurs). The policy also provides that the target balance of the ORFR reserve is 25 basis points of the Fund's net assets available for member benefits.

Insurance reserve - is separately maintained to manage the insurance premiums to Metlife Insurance Limited under the Premium Adjustment Mechanism (PAM) agreement. The PAM agreement reduces the risk of the insurer and facilitates lower insurance premiums for members.

(m) Significant accounting judgements and estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts recognised in the financial statements. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future.

The Fund primarily invests in the Hostplus Pooled Superannuation Trust ('Trust') where additional judgement exists. The Trust makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Refer to Note 10(e) where the significant judgements, estimates and assumptions relating to investment valuations is explained.

The significant accounting policies have been consistently applied in the current financial year and the comparative period, unless otherwise stated. Where necessary, comparative information has been re-presented to be consistent with current period disclosures.

(n) Employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee entitlements and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service.

NOTE 3. MEMBER BENEFITS AND FUNDING ARRANGEMENTS

(a) Member entitlements

Obligations relating to member entitlements are recognised as member benefits and are measured as the amount of the member account balances as at reporting date.

Members bear the investment risk relating to the underlying investments of the Fund. Net investment income is allocated to members' accounts through the release of daily unit prices.

The Fund has received contributions and other related member inflows that have not been allocated to members' accounts by the reporting date. These amounts are reported as unallocated member benefits.

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Member benefits	<u></u>	<u> </u>
Allocated to members	61,181,835,573	48,442,730,046
Unallocated to members	3,822,759	5,628,350
Net assets available for member benefits	61,185,658,332	48,448,358,396

NOTE 3. MEMBER BENEFITS AND FUNDING ARRANGEMENTS (continued)

(b) Funding arrangements

Employers contribute to the Fund on behalf of members in accordance with the Fund's Trust Deed, relevant industry Award agreements and the mandated minimum Superannuation Guarantee Charge rate of 9.50% (2020: 9.50%) of the gross salaries of the employees. In addition, Members and Employers can elect to contribute further amounts to the Fund at their own discretion.

NOTE 4. CHANGES IN FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS	2021	2020
	<u> </u>	\$
Investments held at balance date		
Equities	53,332,519	(792,524)
Pooled superannuation trust and managed funds	10,246,751,367	(797,529,399)
Total unrealised gains/(losses)	10,300,083,886	(798,321,923)
Investments realised during the year		
Equities	24,926,113	(6,591,526)
Pooled superannuation trust and managed funds	54,386,551	(64,357,239)
Total realised gains/(losses)	79,312,664	(70,948,765)
Change in fair value of investments	10,379,396,550	(869,270,688)

NOTE 5. COLLECTIVE INVESTMENTS

Host-Plus Pty. Limited is the Trustee for both the Hostplus Superannuation Fund ('Fund') and the Hostplus Pooled Superannuation Trust ('Trust'), collectively known as 'Hostplus'. The Fund uses the Trust as its primary investment vehicle. Hostplus invests in a number of entities, known as 'collective entities' that provide the Fund and the Trust with administration or investment services. The other investors in these collective entities include a number of other industry superannuation funds. All transactions with collective entities are based on normal commercial terms and arrangements. These collective entities do not meet the definition of a related party under the accounting standard AASB 124, however are being disclosed given they are both a direct investment of and provide services to Hostplus.

During the year, Hostplus transacted with the following collective entities.

Industry Super Holdings Pty Ltd and subsidiaries

Hostplus has a 13.29% (2020: 10.61%) shareholding in Industry Super Holdings Pty Ltd ('ISH'). ISH and its subsidiaries provide a range of services and investment products to Hostplus and other institutional clients.

As at 30 June 2021, Hostplus' investment in ISH was valued at \$174.6m (2020: \$113.8m). Total income earned by Hostplus from this Investment for the year ended 30 June 2021 was \$32.1m (2020: \$1.9m). All transactions were made on normal commercial terms, under normal conditions and at market rates.

During the year, Hostplus engaged several ISH subsidiaries to provide a range of services and investment products, as follows:

- IFM Investors Pty Ltd ('IFM') manages a selection of infrastructure, listed equity, private equity, fixed interest and cash portfolios on behalf of Hostplus totalling \$18,504.7m as at 30 June 2021 (2020: \$10,792.2m). Total gains incurred on the portfolios managed by IFM was \$2,106.6m (2020: losses of \$188.3m). Hostplus paid IFM investment management fees of \$13.0m (2020: \$16.9m) during the financial year. All transactions were made on normal commercial terms, under normal conditions and at market rates.
- Industry Fund Services Ltd ('IFS') provides the Fund financial planning and debt collection services. Total fees paid to IFS for the year ended 30 June 2021 were \$0.8m (2020: \$0.8m). All transactions were made on normal commercial terms, under normal conditions and at market rates.
- IFS Insurance Solutions Pty Ltd ('IFS Insurance') provides the Fund with insurance brokerage services. Total fees and brokerage paid to IFS Insurance for the year ended 30 June 2021 were \$0.06m (2020: \$0.06m). All transactions were made on normal commercial terms, under normal conditions and at market rates.

NOTE 5. COLLECTIVE INVESTMENTS (continued)

Industry Super Holdings Pty Ltd and subsidiaries (continued)

• Industry Super Australia Pty Ltd ('ISA') provides the Fund with marketing and lobbying services. Total fees paid to ISA for the year ended 30 June 2021 were \$4.0m (2020: \$4.0m). All transactions were made on normal commercial terms, under normal conditions and at market rates.

Industry Super Property Trust

Hostplus has a 14.20% (2020: 14.20%) shareholding in Industry Super Property Trust ('ISPT'). ISPT manages unlisted property trusts on behalf of Hostplus and other institutional clients. Hostplus' investments include property trusts totalling \$1,692.4m (2020: \$2,086.5m). Hostplus paid ISPT investment management fees of \$6.1m (2020: \$6.9m) during the financial year. The income earned on this portfolio was \$117.3m (2020: \$19.6m). All transactions were made on normal commercial terms, under normal conditions and at market rates.

Hostplus has a 12.80% (2020: 12.80%) ownership in ISPT Operations Trust ('OpCo Trust') with a value of \$0.8m as at 30 June 2021 (2020: \$0.7m). The OpCo Trust owns ISPT Operations Pty Ltd, which is the operations and service entity for the ISPT Group that provides services to ISPT to fulfil its obligations as Trustee and Manager.

ME Bank

Hostplus' investments include a 15.39% (2020: 14.81%) shareholding in ME Bank. ME Bank offer and provide banking products to the members of the Fund at the members' discretion. As at 30 June 2021, Hostplus' investment in ME Bank was valued at \$199.9m (2020: \$184.8m). Total income earned by Hostplus from this investment for the year ended 30 June 2021 was a gain of \$17.2m (2020: loss of \$16.0m). All transactions were made on normal commercial terms, under normal conditions and at market rates. As at 30 June 2021, Hostplus had \$41.8m outstanding commitments (2020: \$41.8m).

On 31 May 2021, Hostplus fully redeemed the investment in the Super Loans Trust ('SLT'), a fixed interest vehicle by ME Bank. Total gain earned by Hostplus from this Investment for the year ended 30 June 2021 was \$0.1m (2020: gain of \$1.7m). ME Bank received \$0.01m (2020: \$0.01m) in fees from the management of Hostplus' investment during the financial year. All transactions were made on normal commercial terms, under normal conditions and at market rates.

Term deposits held with ME Bank on behalf of ChoicePlus members within the Fund as at 30 June 2021 were \$22.1m (2020: \$36.1m). Term deposit income earned on behalf of Fund members for the year ended 30 June 2021 was \$0.4m (2020: \$0.8m). The ChoicePlus product also operates a cash account with ME Bank, which as at 30 June 2021 had a balance of \$143.0m (2020: \$145.1m). The cash account earned \$1.5m (2020: \$1.6m) of interest in the year ended 30 June 2021.

Hostplus also holds negotiable certificates of deposits with ME Bank. As at 30 June 2021, the value of the negotiable certificates of deposits were \$285.4m (2020: \$184.4m). Total income earned by Hostplus from this investment for the year ended 30 June 2021 was \$1.1m (2020: \$2.6m). All transactions were made on normal commercial terms, under normal conditions and at market rates.

On 22 February 2021, Hostplus entered into a Share Sale and Purchase Deed to sell its interest in ME Bank to the Bank of Queensland Limited. The sale was completed on 1 July 2021 for a total consideration of \$199.9m.

NOTE 6. INCOME TAX	2021 \$	2020 \$
(a) Recognised in the Income Statement	<u> </u>	
Current tax expense		
Current year	(55,267,266)	(54,784,230)
Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous years	6,131,469	264,249
	(49,135,797)	(54,519,981)
Deferred tax expense		
Movement in temporary differences	10,983,491	(149,157)
Total income tax expense/(benefit) reported in Income Statement	(38,152,306)	(54,669,138)

NOTE 6. INCOME TAX (continued)

NOTE 6. INCOME TAX (continued)	2021 \$	2020 \$
(b) Reconciliation between income tax expenses and the accounting profit before income tax	<u> </u>	
Profit/(loss) from operating activities	10,265,409,026	(982,507,998)
Tax at the complying superannuation fund tax rate of 15%	1,539,811,354	(147,376,200)
Non-assessable investment income	(1,545,655,877)	128,846,937
Net imputation and foreign tax credits	(2,666,472)	(2,099,627)
Deductible insurance premiums	(35,772,780)	(34,304,497)
Under/(over) provision in previous year	6,131,469	264,249
Total income tax expense/(benefit)	(38,152,306)	(54,669,138)
(c) Recognised in the Statement of Changes in Member Benefits		
Contributions and transfers-in	7,418,194,453	9,438,415,068
Tax at the complying superannuation fund tax rate of 15%	1,112,729,168	1,415,762,260
Non-assessable contributions	(92,194,075)	(78,972,937)
Non-assessable transfers-in	(367,491,684)	(741,568,723)
No TFN Tax	1,099,160	256,993
Under/(over) provision in previous year	2,509,290	3,451,237
	656,651,859	598,928,830
(d) Deferred tax assets and liabilities		
Unrealised (gains) losses in investments subject to CGT	(12,357,240)	(840,570)
Insurance premiums	931,167	2,413,300
Employee entitlements and other accruals	2,922,735	907,423
	(8,503,338)	2,480,153

(e) Current tax asset and liability

The current tax liability for the Fund of \$598,875,302 (2020: \$540,693,365) represents the amount of income tax payable in respect of current and prior periods.

NOTE 7. ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES	2021 \$	2020 \$	
Fund administration	66,179,442	63,595,186	
Staff expenditure	33,235,872	35,089,369	
Marketing, advertising and sponsorship	16,336,130	13,856,115	
Office expenditure	4,549,991	5,168,279	
Depreciation and amortisation	2,034,769	2,274,279	
Trustee services fees	801,290	841,608	
	123,137,494	120,824,836	

NOTE 8. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION	2021 \$	2020 \$
Remuneration paid or payable for services provided by the auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers:	<u> </u>	<u>+</u> _
- Audit of Financial Statements	59,803	57,951
- Other Assurance Services		
- Audit & APRA Reporting Reviews	79,101	76,689
 Compliance audit with CPS 234 – Information Security 	95,839	-
- Other Non-audit Services		
- Merger Due Diligence & Procedures	99,792	56,100
- Other Consulting Services	128,220	-
	462,755	190,740

NOTE 9. CASH FLOW STATEMENT RECONCILIATION

Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Cash and cash equivalents	40,426,916	61,515,798
Reconciliation of net cash from operating activities to net profit after income tax		
Profit / (loss) after income tax	462,122,039	5,086,339
Adjustments for:		
Net investment income (non-cash)	(10,387,230,888)	862,989,647
Depreciation and impairment	2,034,769	2,274,279
Net insurance activities	(57,241,698)	(72,647,420)
(Increase) / decrease in receivables and prepayments	17,643,983	(17,339,719)
(Increase) / decrease in deferred tax	10,983,492	(149,157)
Increase / (decrease) in payables and employee entitlements	4,982,100	(7,657,927)
Increase / (decrease) in income tax payable	(49,135,798)	(54,519,980)
Allocation to members' accounts	9,841,439,293	(932,925,199)
Net cash outflows from operating activities	(154,402,708)	(214,889,137)

NOTE 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund predominately invests its assets through the Hostplus Pooled Superannuation Trust ('Trust'), a related entity with the same Trustee as the Fund. The Trust's assets predominantly consist of a range of financial instruments in various asset classes including cash, diversified fixed interest, Australian equities, international equities, property, infrastructure, private equity and alternative assets as per the strategic allocation set by the Trustee. The type of financial instruments held by the Trust within each asset class are either held directly in the form of equity or debt type instruments or indirectly through collective investment vehicles.

Risk is inherent in the Trust's activities and is actively managed through the Trustee's Risk Management Framework as further described below. Depending on the type of financial instrument held (directly or indirectly) the Trust is exposed to a variety of financial risks such as market risk (including currency, interest rate and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Trustee is responsible for setting, monitoring and revising the investment strategy of the Fund including its exposure amongst the various asset classes. The Trustee has determined the Trust's investment strategy is consistent with the investment strategy of the Fund and has therefore selected it as the predominant investment vehicle. The Trustee maintains the responsibility for the appointment of various investment managers for each asset class via an investment manager mandate or through holding a collective investment vehicle. Investment manager mandates reflect the target asset allocation determined by the Trustee as well as the level of financial risk, which the Trustee is willing to accept. Where an investment manager of a collective investment vehicle is appointed, the Trustee will have regard to the investment manager's investment strategy and the associated risks of the collective investment vehicle.

The Trustee has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of its Risk Management Framework. The Trustee's risk management policies are established to:

- Identify and analyse the risks faced by the Fund, including those risks arising from holding financial instruments;
- Set appropriate risk limits and controls; and
- Monitor risks and adherence to limits.

Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Fund's activities. These are also documented in the Trustee's Risk Management Framework, which is subject to regular review both by management and the Board, including an annual audit of compliance.

The Trustee receives regular reports concerning the performance and activities of the Trust, as well as the Trust's underlying investments from the Trustee's investment advisor and custodian. Divergence from target asset allocations and the composition of the portfolio is also monitored by the Trustee. Reports received by the Trustee include:

- Current asset allocations against target positions;
- Performance against benchmarks; and
- Investment manager compliance reporting against the investment manager mandate.

While the Fund does not directly trade in derivatives, the Trust does use derivative financial instruments, such as futures, options, swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts to manage market movement, currency risk and also effect a change in the asset mix of the portfolio. The use of derivatives is subject to specified limits and gearing is not permitted.

The Trustee actively monitors the activities of the Fund and the Trust to ensure fund managers have appropriate skills and expertise to manage the funds allocated prior to their appointment. The Trustee has appointed JANA Investment Advisers to provide expert advice regarding asset allocation and the management of the investment portfolio in accordance with the Trustee's Investment Strategy.

The Trustee's Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Trustee's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the Risk Management Framework in relation to the risks faced by the Fund, including investment related risks. The Committee reports directly to the Board.

Concentrations of risk arise when the number of financial instruments or contracts entered into are with the same counterparty, or when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, have activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Such risks are managed through the regular review and reporting of exposures and concentrations for both the Fund and the Trust, to ensure risk remains within acceptable levels.

(a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. To mitigate market risk, the Trustee undertakes extensive due diligence to ensure fund managers have appropriate skills and expertise to manage the

NOTE 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Market Risk (continued)

allocated investment prior to their appointment. Further, the Hostplus Investment Department tracks investment valuations on a daily basis through appropriate monitoring of the market conditions and benchmark analysis.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

With the Fund's assets invested in the Trust (an Australian dollar denominated investment) the Fund does not have any direct foreign currency exposure as at 30 June 2021.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Fund's investments in fixed interest and cash instruments, which are interest bearing securities are subject to interest rate risk.

The Fund's exposure to interest rate risk is considered low and is isolated to the interest it earns on:

- Surplus cash in operating bank accounts held with the NAB;
- Uninvested cash in custodian accounts held with Citi; and
- Surplus cash and term deposits held by members with ME Bank through the Fund's ChoicePlus platform.

Sensitivity analysis

In considering what may be an appropriate volatility factor for interest rate exposure, the Trustee's investment advisor examined the average absolute movement in the yields of 10-year Australian and US Government bonds. US Government bonds were used as a proxy for offshore bond markets. In considering what may be an appropriate volatility factor for interest on cash and term deposits, the Trustee's investment advisor examined the average absolute movement in yields of the Bloomberg AusBond Bank Bill Index. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonably possible shift in interest rates having regard to historical data and is not guaranteed as actual results may vary from management's reasonably possible estimate.

	2021	2020
Fixed Interest	77 bps	70 bps
Cash and cash equivalents held for	50 bps	50 bps
investing activities		

An increase or decrease in interest rates would have impacted the Fund's profit and loss after income tax and net assets by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

2021	Carrying Amount	Profit and loss		Net assets	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
		Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Fixed Interest	22,215,463	(145,400)	145,400	(145,400)	145,400
Cash and cash equivalents held for investing activities	151,275,520	642,921	(642,921)	642,921	(642,921)
2	173,490,983	497,521	(497,521)	497,521	(497,521)
2020	Carrying Amount	Profit and loss		Net as	ssets
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
		Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Fixed Interest	36,281,133	(215,873)	215,873	(215,873)	215,873
Cash and cash equivalents held for investing activities	154,995,287	658,730	(658,730)	658,730	(658,730)
	191,276,420	442,857	(442,857)	442,857	(442,857)

NOTE 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Market Risk (continued)

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Fund is exposed to other price risk through its investment in the Trust, and the equities and managed funds held by members through the Fund's ChoicePlus platform. The Fund's exposure to other price risk is therefore limited to the market price movement of these investments. The Trustee has determined that these investments are appropriate for the Fund and are in accordance with the Trustee's published investment strategy.

Other price risk is mitigated by investing through the Trust, which has constructed a diversified portfolio of instruments that are traded in various markets. The actual asset allocation of the Trust is continually monitored and reported to the Board and is adjusted if necessary, having regard to the Trustee's strategic asset allocation. Price risk is further mitigated through the investment due diligence process and careful selection and monitoring of investments and managers by the Trust.

Sensitivity analysis

Following analysis of the deviation in relevant indices over the past 10 years, the following movements in other price risk are considered reasonably possible for the 2021 reporting period. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonably possible shift in market prices having regard to historical data and is not guaranteed as actual results may vary from management's reasonably possible estimate.

	2021	2020
Equities	16%	12%
Pooled superannuation trust and managed funds	11%	10%

An increase or decrease in the market price of investments of the Fund at 30 June would have impacted the Fund's profit and loss after income tax and net assets by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

2021	Carrying Amount	Profit and loss				Net a	assets
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
		Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease		
Equities	428,342,012	58,254,514	(58,254,514)	58,254,514	(58,254,514)		
Pooled superannuation trust and managed funds	61,965,611,410	5,793,784,667	(5,793,784,667)	5,793,784,667	(5,793,784,667)		
Tunus	62,393,953,422	5,852,039,181	(5,852,039,181)	5,852,039,181	(5,852,039,181)		

2020	Carrying Amount	Profit and loss				issets
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
		Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	
Equities	279,994,935	28,559,483	(28,559,483)	28,559,483	(28,559,483)	
Pooled superannuation						
trust and managed	48,796,179,411	4,147,675,250	(4,147,675,250)	4,147,675,250	(4,147,675,250)	
funds						
	49,076,174,346	4,176,234,733	(4,176,234,733)	4,176,234,733	(4,176,234,733)	

NOTE 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the Fund to incur a financial loss. Credit risk also reflects uncertain asset values due to adverse movements in the credit quality of an asset.

Credit risk primarily arises from investments in debt securities and from trading derivative products. Other credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial institutions and amounts due from brokers. None of these assets are impaired nor past due.

Credit risk arising from investments is mitigated by extensive due diligence undertaken by the Trustee prior to the appointment of investment managers to ensure they have the appropriate skills and expertise to manage the Fund's allocated investments. The Trustee further mitigates credit risk by dealing with highly rated counterparties and where appropriate, ensuring collateral is maintained. Exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis by counterparty, geographical region and by industry sector.

The carrying amount of assets as at reporting date subject to credit risk is as follows:

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	40,426,916	61,515,798
Receivables	25,555,032	43,216,186
Cash and cash equivalents held for investing activities	151,275,520	154,995,287
Fixed interest securities	22,215,463	36,281,133
	239,472,931	296,008,404

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk of failing to meet financial obligations as and when they fall due. A key consideration is the saleability of assets. The Trustee's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Trustee's reputation.

The Trustee's Trust Deed and Product Disclosure Statement provide for the daily withdrawal of benefits and the Trustee is therefore exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting members' withdrawals at any time.

The Fund invests in the Trust, which has investments that are not traded in organised public markets and may be illiquid. As a result, the Trustee may not be able to quickly liquidate some of its investments at an amount close to fair value in order to meet its liquidity requirements. The investments of the Trust are monitored to comply with the asset allocation stipulated in the Trustee's Investment Strategy and considers the Fund's expected future cash flow requirements.

The Fund's listed securities are considered to be readily realisable as they are all listed on recognised stock exchanges around the world.

Liquidity risk is managed on a daily basis in accordance with policies and procedures in place and the Trustee's Investment Strategy. Stress testing and scenario analysis are completed on a regular basis.

The contractual maturity of financial liabilities is set out below.

2021	Carrying amount	Less than 1 month	1 to 3 months	Greater than 3 months
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Member liabilities	61,185,658,332	61,185,658,332	-	-
Employee entitlements	6,207,781	5,769,042	41,123	397,616
Accounts payable	35,367,515	35,367,515	-	-
_	61,227,233,628	61,226,794,889	41,123	397,616

NOTE 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

2020	Carrying amount	Less than 1 month	1 to 3 months	Greater than 3 months
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Member liabilities	48,448,358,396	48,448,358,396	-	-
Employee entitlements	6,049,487	5,500,253	91,952	457,282
Accounts payable	30,543,709	30,543,709	-	-
	48,484,951,592	48,484,402,358	91,952	457,282

Member benefits that are allocated have been included in the "Less than 1 month" column above as this is the amount that members could call upon as at 30 June, however the Fund considers it is highly unlikely that all members will request to rollover their superannuation fund accounts at the same time.

(d) Estimation of fair values

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities included in the Statement of Financial Position are carried at fair value. The major methods and assumptions used in determining fair value of financial instruments have been disclosed at Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

(e) Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments by using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability; and
- level 3 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which a financial instrument is categorised is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to its fair value measurement. If fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, the financial instrument will be categorised as a level 3. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgement, considering factors specific to the instrument.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Trustee. The Trustee considers observable data to be market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

(i) Fair value in an active market (level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period.

The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the current mid price; the quoted market price used for financial liabilities is the current application price.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if the price is readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency and the price represents an actual and regularly occurring market transaction on an arm's length basis.

(ii) Fair value in an inactive market (level 2 and level 3)

The Fund's investments categorised under level 2 are held in the Hostplus Pooled Superannuation Trust ('Trust') and are recorded at the redemption value per unit, as reported by the external investment manager. Some of the inputs used by the external investment manager in their pricing models may not be market observable and are therefore subject to a level of estimation uncertainty. Whilst the investments are categorised under level 2 in line with AASB 13, the Trust's underlying investment portfolio includes investments in level 1, 2 and 3 assets.

NOTE 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(e) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

(ii) Fair value in an inactive market (level 2 and level 3) (continued)

The table below sets out the Fund's financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2021.

2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets			
Financial Assets designated at fair value through profit or loss:			
Cash and cash equivalents held for investing activities	151,275,520	-	-
Fixed interest securities	22,215,463	-	-
Equities	428,342,012	-	-
Pooled superannuation trust and managed funds	250,756,106	61,714,855,304	-
	852,589,101	61,714,855,304	-

2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets			
Financial Assets designated at fair value through profit or loss:			
Cash and cash equivalents held for investing activities	154,995,287	-	-
Fixed interest securities	36,281,133	-	-
Equities	279,994,935	-	-
Pooled superannuation trust and managed funds	153,630,070	48,642,549,341	-
	624,901,425	48,642,549,341	-

There were no transfers between levels for the year ended 30 June 2021 or 30 June 2020.

Level 3 investments

The Fund no longer holds investments in unlisted financial instruments that is not traded in an active market.

(f) Environmental, Social and Governance factors

The Fund's primary duty is to deliver the best retirement outcomes for its members. These responsibilities guide every decision the Fund makes, and great care is taken to ensure each action fulfils these duties.

Responsible investment is an important part of the Fund's investment approach that helps it better manage risk and optimise retirement outcomes for its members. It involves incorporating environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors (including climate change) into investment decisions. The Fund has a Responsible Investment Policy that outlines the principles and commitments that direct its approach to responsible investment. The Policy is reviewed on an annual basis by Management. Any changes that are required to be made to the Policy are referred to the Trustee Board for approval.

The Fund recognises that climate change may influence the performance of the investments over time and that the impact will be dependent on the extent of physical, social and regulatory changes. The Fund recognises climate change as a financial risk to its investments, which includes valuation risk as a result of changed asset revenue or costs associated with physical damage to assets, regulatory change to transition to a lower-carbon economy, other costs to transition to a lower-carbon economy and litigation risk.

NOTE 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(f) Environmental, Social and Governance factors (continued)

In order to manage the financial risk due to climate change, the Fund is committed to incorporating climate change into all aspects of the investment process:

- Climate change is incorporated within the Fund's investment philosophy.
- Climate-related risks are considered as part of our strategic asset allocation process alongside a range of other risks and are taken into account in setting investment objectives.
- Climate change scenarios are included as part of stress testing of investment options.
- Assessment of climate change risk management is part of the investment manager selection and review process.
- Engagement with investee companies and assets includes a focus on climate change risk assessment, management and disclosure.

Like other financial risks, climate change risks are considered to the extent they are relevant to the Fund's overall investment strategy and investment portfolio. As a result of the above processes performed by the Trustee, no material climate risks which would require specific disclosure have been identified within the Fund's investment portfolio.

NOTE 11. RELATED PARTIES

(a) Trustee

Host-Plus Pty. Limited is the Trustee for both the Hostplus Superannuation Fund ('Fund') and the Hostplus Pooled Superannuation Trust ('Trust'), collectively known as 'Hostplus'. The Trust is the Fund's primary investment vehicle.

The shareholders of the Trustee are United Workers Union and Australian Hotels Association ('AHA').

(b) Board of Directors and remuneration

Directors and Alternate Directors of the Trustee during the financial year were as follows:

Independent	Member nominated by United Workers Union	Employer nominated by AHA				
D Elmslie (Chair)	T Lyons (Deputy Chair)	M Robertson (Deputy Chair) ^(e)				
P Collins ^(b)	B Myers	D Gibson				
A Grayson	J Hill ^(c)	M Vaile ^(e)				
	I Beynon ^(d)	N Randall ^{(a)(b)}				
	R Buckler ^(a)					

^(a) Alternate Director

^(b) End of tenure, effective 30 June 2021

^(c) Resigned, effective 14 January 2021

^(d) Appointed, effective 1 February 2021

(e) Resigned, effective 30 June 2021

NOTE 11. RELATED PARTIES (continued)

(b) Board of Directors and remuneration (continued)

Under the terms of the Trust Deed, the Trustee is entitled to be paid or reimbursed out of Fund assets for all expenses and liabilities which it may incur in connection with the Fund or in performing its obligations. Trustee Fees Services paid and payable by the Fund are set out in Note 7. Embedded in the Trustee Services Fee is the Fund's share of remuneration paid/payable to Directors for services rendered to the Board and Committees of the Board as set out in the following tables:

Year ended 30 June 2021

Name	Director Fee	Parking benefits	Superannuation	Termination	Total
	(Salary) (\$)	(\$)	(\$)	benefits (\$)	(\$)
Independent					
D Elmslie	182,010	9,657	25,000	-	216,667
P Collins	113,736	-	17,060	-	130,796
A Grayson	113,736	-	17,060	-	130,796
Employer nominat	ted				
M Robertson ^(a)	118,423	-	17,764	-	136,187
D Gibson	118,031	-	17,705	-	135,736
M Vaile	97,711	-	14,657	-	112,368
N Randall	25,095	-	3,764	-	28,859
Member nominate	ed				
T Lyons	128,583	-	19,287	-	147,870
B Myers ^(a)	97,711	-	14,657	-	112,368
I Beynon ^(a)	36,480	-	5,472	-	41,952
J Hill	51,072	-	7,661	-	58,733
R Buckler	35,987	-	5,398	-	41,385
Total	1,118,575	9,657	165,485	=	1,293,717

^(a) Director fees and/or superannuation for these individuals are paid to their nominating association United Workers Union or AHA.

Year ended 30 June 2020

Name	Director Fee (Salary)	Parking benefits	Superannuation	Termination benefits	Total
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Independent					
D Elmslie	182,010	9,455	25,000	-	216,465
P Collins	113,735	-	17,060	-	130,795
A Grayson	113,735	-	17,060	-	130,795
Employer nominat	ted				
M Robertson ^(a)	118,423	-	17,763	-	136,186
D Gibson	118,031	-	17,705	-	135,736
M Vaile	97,711	-	14,657	-	112,368
N Randall	25,095	-	3,764	-	28,859
Member nominate	ed				
T Lyons	130,280	-	19,542	-	149,822
B Myers ^(a)	97,711	-	14,657	-	112,368
J Hill	87,551	-	13,133	-	100,684
R Buckler	35,987	-	5,398	-	41,385
Total	1,120,269	9,455	165,739	-	1,295,463

^(a) Director fees and/or superannuation for these individuals are paid to their nominating association United Workers Union or AHA

NOTE 11. RELATED PARTIES (continued)

(c) Group Executive management and remuneration

Key management personnel of Hostplus as at 30 June 2021 included the following Group Executives:

Name of Executive	Role
D Elia	Chief Executive Officer (CEO)
M Abramovich	Group Executive – Risk, Compliance & Legal
A Antonellos	Group Executive – Client Relationships & New Business
K Cantwell	Group Executive – Administration Optimisation
S Sicilia	Chief Investment Officer
N Strickland	Group Executive – People, Performance & Culture
L Tassone	Group Executive – Finance & Technology
P Watson	Group Executive – Member Experience
S Wilkinson	Group Executive – Strategy, Transformation & Services

Remuneration of Group Executive management paid/payable by Hostplus is set out in the following tables:

Year ended 30 June 2021

Name	Date commenced	Date change in position	Salary	Short- term incentives	Parking benefits	Super- annuation	Terminati on benefits	Total
			(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
D Elia	15/03/1999		968,862	197,964	9,657	25,000	-	1,201,483
M Abramovich	01/06/2021	01/06/2021 ^(a)	23,145	-	794	2,885	-	26,824
A Antonellos	23/10/2000	28/09/2020 ^(b)	248,573	54,347	7,303	18,519	-	328,742
N Brouwer	21/11/2016	30/04/2021 ^(c)	347,778	55,335	8,043	25,000	-	436,156
K Cantwell	10/10/2016		255,196	39,407	9,657	25,000	-	329,260
S Sicilia	31/03/2008		682,443	223,492	9,657	25,000	-	940,592
N Strickland	17/02/2014		256,985	41,559	9,657	25,000	-	333,201
L Tassone	19/08/2013	28/09/2020 ^(d)	344,410	56,373	9,657	25,000	-	435,440
P Watson	21/03/2011		405,263	57,711	9,657	25,000	-	497,631
S Wilkinson	16/11/2015		360,201	23,752	9,657	25,000	-	418,610
Total			3,892,856	749,940	83,739	221,404	-	4,947,939

^(a) Appointed as Group Executive – Risk, Compliance & Legal

^(b) Appointed as Group Executive – Client Relationships & New Business and held the position until 30 June 2021

^(c) Commenced maternity leave

^(d) Position changed from Group Executive, Finance, Technology & Operations to Group Executive, Finance & Technology

In addition to the remuneration outlined in the table above, A. Antonellos cashed-out accrued leave entitlements equal to \$38,956.

NOTE 11. RELATED PARTIES (continued)

(c) Group Executive management and remuneration (continued)

Year ended 30 June 2020

Name	Date commenced	Date change in position	Salary	Short- term incentives	Parking benefits	Super- annuation	Termination benefits	Total
			(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
D Elia	15/03/1999		899,048	221,979	9,455	25,000	-	1,155,482
N Brouwer	21/11/2016		347,269	53,162	9,455	25,000	-	434,886
K Cantwell	10/10/2016	18/02/2020 ^(b)	248,827	40,879	9,455	25,000	-	324,161
S Sicilia	31/03/2008		632,946	227,013	9,455	25,000	-	894,414
N Strickland	17/02/2014		236,716	25,956	9,455	25,000	-	297,127
L Tassone	19/08/2013	18/02/2020 ^(c)	318,346	43,264	9,455	25,000	-	396,065
P Watson	21/03/2011		339,056	41,340	9,455	25,000	-	414,851
S Wilkinson	16/11/2015	18/02/2020 ^(a)	112,295	575	1,938	8,558	-	123,366
Total			3,134,503	654,168	68,123	183,558	=	4,040,352

^(a) Appointed as Group Executive - Strategy, Transformation & Services

^(b) Position changed from Group Executive - Service Operations to Group Executive - Administration Optimisation

^(c) Position changed from Group Executive - Finance, Strategy & IT to Group Executive - Finance, Technology & Operations

In addition to the remuneration outlined in the table above, D. Elia, N. Strickland and L. Tassone cashed-out accrued leave entitlements equal to \$173,173, \$3,395 and \$28,340, respectively.

(d) Chief Executive Officer remuneration

Hostplus believes that remuneration of its employees should:

- facilitate the delivery of superior long-term results for its members;
- promote sound risk management principles;
- support corporate values and desired culture;
- attract, retain, motivate and align the talent it needs to achieve its business goals;
- reinforce leadership, accountability, teamwork and innovation; and
- align with the contribution and performance of the business, teams and individuals.

The Chairman, on behalf of the Board, conducts the performance assessment of the Chief Executive Officer, having regard to objectives set in the previous year including setting objectives for the coming year. This is discussed with the Board as a whole in the absence of the Chief Executive Officer. Feedback is subsequently communicated to the Chief Executive Officer.

In accordance with its Terms of Reference, Chief Executive Officer remuneration related matters are considered by the Board's People and Remuneration Committee before approval by the Board. Remuneration reviews have regard to general market conditions, with a focus on what is happening within the financial services sector, including the superannuation sector. Base or fixed salary reviews for the Chief Executive Officer occur annually with amendments payable from 1 July.

For the year ended 30 June 2021, the CEO's total remuneration was equal to \$1,201,483, which compares to the amount earned by other Hostplus employees as follows:

- the 25th percentile Hostplus employee earned \$71,369 during the year ended 30 June 2021, which is 16.8 times less than the CEO's remuneration;
- the median Hostplus employee earned \$107,703 during the year ended 30 June 2021, which is 11.2 times less than the CEO's remuneration; and
- the 75th percentile Hostplus employee earned \$147,842 during the year ended 30 June 2021, which is 8.1 times less than the CEO's remuneration.

NOTE 11. RELATED PARTIES (continued)

(e) Directors' attendance at Board and Committee meetings

Year ended 30 June 2021

							Mee	eting of	Commi	ittees				
Director/ Alternate Director	Full Board Meeting of Directors		8	, Risk & liance		ims ⁄iew	Remu	ole & nerati on	Inve	cial stme Group	Opera	ations	and Rer	nations Board Newal mittee
	A	В	A	В	Α	B	A	В	A	В	Α	В	Α	В
Directors														
D Elmslie	9	9	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	2
P Collins	9	9	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A Grayson	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	-	-
D Gibson	8	9	-	-	-	-	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-
M Robertson	8	9	4	4	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	2	2
M Vaile	8	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	-	-
T Lyons	9	9	4	4	-	-	3	3	2	3	-	-	2	2
B Myers	8	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	-	-
J Hill	4	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
I Beynon	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alternate Dire	ectors													
R Buckler	-	-	-	-	23	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
N Randall	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Observers														
D Elmslie	-	-	3(*)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A Grayson	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
J Hill	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B Myers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 (*)	-	-	-	-	-
R Buckler	5 (#)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
N Randall	2 (#)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

A Number of meetings attended

B Number of meetings held during the time the Director held office or was a member of the Committee during the year

(#) Alternate Directors are invited to attend Board Meetings as an Observer

(*) All Directors and alternates are invited to attend Committee meetings and receive full Committee papers

Where a non-committee member has attended a Committee, attendance has been noted.

NOTE 11. RELATED PARTIES (continued)

(e) Directors' attendance at Board and Committee meetings (continued)

Year ended 30 June 2020

 · · /						Me	eting of	Committ	ees			
Director/ Alternate Director	Full Board Meeting of Directors		Audit, Risk & Compliance		Claims Review		People & Remuneration		Special Investments Group		Operations	
	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В
Directors												
D Elmslie	8	8	-	-	-	-	2	2	6	6	-	-
P Collins	8	8	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A Grayson	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4
D Gibson	8	8	-	-	-	-	2	2	6	6	-	-
M Robertson	8	8	2	3	-	-	-	-	6	6	-	-
M Vaile	7	8	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4
T Lyons	8	8	3	3	-	-	2	2	6	6	-	-
B Myers	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4
J Hill	7	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alternate Dire	ectors											
R Buckler	-	-	-	-	14	15	-	-	-	-	-	-
N Randall	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Observers												
D Elmslie	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A Grayson	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 (*)	-	-	-
J Hill	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 (*)	-	-	-
R Buckler	4 (#)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
N Randall	2 (#)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

A Number of meetings attended

B Number of meetings held during the time the Director held office or was a member of the Committee during the year

(#) Alternate Directors are invited to attend Board Meetings as an Observer

(*) All Directors and alternates are invited to attend Committee meetings and receive full Committee papers

Where a non-committee member has attended a Committee, attendance has been noted.

NOTE 11. RELATED PARTIES (continued)

(f) Transactions with Directors, Management Personnel and Shareholders

The following Directors and Management Personnel were also members of the Fund during the year:

T	rustee Directors	Exec	cutive members
Imogen Beynon	Mark Robertson	David Elia	Sam Sicilia
Robyn Buckler	Mark Vaile	Mark Abramovich	Natalie Strickland
Judith Hill		Arthur Antonellos	Lewis Tassone
Tim Lyons		Norlena Brouwer	Paul Watson
Bev Myers		Kelly Cantwell	Stuart Wilkinson

Their membership terms and conditions were the same as those applied to other members of the Fund.

The shareholders of the Trustee, Host-Plus Pty Limited, are United Workers Union and Australian Hotels Association ('AHA'). As part of the Fund's ongoing marketing initiatives, the Fund has agreements in place with both shareholders to support the marketing, advocacy and promotion of the Fund. The agreements include specific obligations of each party and provide for attendance and speaking opportunities at various industry events and forums, name and logo exposure opportunities at industry events or through industry publications and use of other stipulated mediums to promote and advertise the Fund.

The Fund measures and monitors the benefits derived against the benefits stipulated in the above agreements, which are subject to annual testing by the Fund's internal auditor, KPMG. The objectives of the internal audit include considering whether the delivery of stipulated benefits have been received. Based on the procedures they have undertaken, the internal auditor has not reported any significant control weaknesses in the processes, procedures, and controls in respect of the arrangements.

The agreements with the AHA include the National body of the AHA and the following State based affiliates (Australian Capital Territory, New South Wales, Northern Territory, South Australia, Tasmania, Victoria and Western Australia). The agreement with the United Workers Union is with the National body of the United Workers Union which incorporates the following State based affiliates (Australian Capital Territory, New South Wales, Northern Territory, South Australia, Tasmania, Victoria and Western Australia). The agreement with the United Workers Union which incorporates the following State based affiliates (Australian Capital Territory, New South Wales, Northern Territory, South Australia, Tasmania, Victoria and Western Australia). During the year, the Trustee paid the Australian Hotels Association \$660,000 (2020: \$679,800) and United Workers Union \$400,000 (2020: \$400,000), excluding GST.

From time to time, the Fund will partner with its shareholders and related industry partners for the purposes of engaging with members and employers. These are further marketing opportunities that fall outside the agreements noted above. During the year, the Trustee paid the Australian Hotels Association \$nil (2020: \$27,273) and United Workers Union \$nil (2020: \$nil) excluding GST in relation to these activities.

(g) Investment in the Hostplus Pooled Superannuation Trust

The Fund predominately invests its assets through the Hostplus Pooled Superannuation Trust ('Trust'), a related entity with the same Trustee as the Fund. The Trust's assets predominantly consist of a range of financial instruments in various asset classes including cash, diversified fixed interest, Australian equities, international equities, property, infrastructure, private equity and alternative assets as per the strategic allocation set by the Board. As at 30 June 2021, the Fund holds 93.11% (2020: 99.65%) of investments in the Trust and the remaining portion is held by other investors.

NOTE 12. FUND MERGERS

On 17 June 2021 the trustee boards of Hostplus Superannuation Fund and Intrust Super signed a Successor Fund Transfer Deed to facilitate a merger by 26 November 2021. This merger will result in the Fund's net assets available for member benefits increasing by approximately \$3.0 billion.

On 2 August 2021 the trustee boards of Hostplus Superannuation Fund and Statewide Super signed an exclusive heads of agreement to record the initial understandings in respect to a merger and have agreed to undertake due diligence investigations. If the merger proceeds, this would result in the Fund's net assets available for member benefits increasing by approximately \$11.5 billion.

NOTE 13. MATTERS SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Apart from the merger mentioned in Note 12, no significant events have occurred since the end of the reporting period which would impact on the Statement of Financial Position, Income Statement, Statement of Changes in Member Benefits or Statement of Cash Flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

NOTE 14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Fund operates solely in one reportable business segment, being the provision of accumulation and pension benefits to members. The Fund also operates from one reportable geographic segment, being Australia, from where its activities are managed. Revenue is derived from interest, dividends, property rentals, gains on sale of investments, unrealised changes in the value of investments and contribution revenue.

HOSTPLUS SUPERANNUATION FUND TRUSTEE DECLARATION

In the opinion of the Trustee of the Hostplus Superannuation Fund:

- (a) the accompanying financial statements and notes set out on pages 1 to 27 are in accordance with:
 - (i) Australian Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements, and
 - (ii) presents fairly the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date, and
- (b) the Fund has been conducted in accordance with its constituent Trust Deed and the requirements of the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* and its accompanying Regulations; the relevant requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001 and Regulations*; the requirements under *section 13 of the Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001*, during the year ended 30 June 2021, and
- (c) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors of Host-Plus Pty. Limited as Trustee for the Hostplus Superannuation Fund.

DIRECTOR DIRECTOR

Melbourne 17 September 2021



Independent Auditor's report on financial statements

Independent Auditor's report approved form for an RSE which is a reporting entity)

Report by the RSE Auditor to the trustee and members of Hostplus Superannuation Fund (ABN: 68 657 495 890)

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of Hostplus Superannuation Fund for the year ended 30 June 2021 comprising theStatement of Financial Position, Income Statement, Statement of Changes in Member Benefits, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows, summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the financial position Hostplus Superannuation Fund as at 30 June 2021 and the results of its operations, cash flows, changes in equity and changes in members' benefits for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted the audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities section of my report. I am independent of the entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Australia. I have also fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of the trustee for the Financial Statements

The RSE's trustee is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the requirements of the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 (SIS Act) and the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Regulations 1994 (SIS Regulations). The trustee is also responsible for such internal control as the trustee determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustee is responsible for assessing the ability of the RSE to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustee either intends to liquidate the RSE or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an audit report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an

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audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, I exercised professional judgment and maintained professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, designed and performed audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtained audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtained an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the RSE's internal control.
- Evaluated the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustee.
- Concluded on the appropriateness of the trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the RSE's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my audit opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the RSE to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluated the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicated with the trustee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identified during my audit.

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PricewaterhouseCoopers

George Sagonas Partner

Melbourne 17 September 2021